

Social 30-1 Study Guide

Related Issue #2 – Chapters 7 and 8

To what extent is resistance to liberalism justified?

Chapter 7- To what extent does ideological conflict shape our world?

Chapter 8- To what extent is modern liberalism continuing to evolve?

Vocabulary/Terms/People

neo-conservatives, liberals(modern and classical), containment, brinkmanship, appeasement, McCarthyism, espionage, red scare, HUAC, Cold War, Berlin Blockade, Marshall Plan, Truman Doctrine, Iron Curtain

Alliances: (1949) NATO & (1955) Warsaw Pact Competition for Spheres of Influence (Pg 240-243) a) Expansionism b) Containment Diplomacy: Aligned and Non-Aligned Nations (Pg 258-260) Proxy wars and Liberation Movements (Pg 209-211) Détente and Treaties (Pg 256-257)	Espionage (Spying) (Pg 264-265) Brinkmanship: Cuban Missile Crisis (Pg 254-255) Deterrence, Arms Race & Mutually Assured Destruction (MAD) (Pg 251-254) Balance of Power (Pg 199) Proxy Wars and Liberation Movements (Pg 258-260) Cold War Hysteria (Pg 261-262)
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Main Ideas

- ❖ Classical liberalism emerged in response to the demands of citizens for an increase in individual rights/individualism
- ❖ Modern liberalism emerged in response to the recognition that increased government involvement in society is sometimes needed. (healthcare, pensions, EU...)
- ❖ Principles of individualism are the foundation of liberalism
- ❖ Principles of collectivism are the foundation of ideologies such as socialism and communism.
- ❖ understand the evolution of classical liberalism to modern liberalism
- ❖ understand how ideological conflict shaped international relations after the Second World War (expansionism, containment, deterrence, brinkmanship, détente, nonalignment, liberation movements)
- ❖ understand how modern liberalism is challenged by alternative thought (neo-conservatism, environmentalism, aboriginal collective thought, religious extremism)

Skills

- ❖ Read for understanding in order to identify the main idea.
- ❖ Read for understanding and categorize differing points of view and perspectives.
- ❖ Distinguish between, recognize, and identify ideologies on a political spectrum
- ❖ Analyze political cartoons for message, purpose and to identify bias
- ❖ Analyze images and primary source documents to identify message, purpose and bias
- ❖ Recognize and identify causes in the shift from classical liberalism to modern liberalism (ie. Great Depression)
- ❖ Draw an inference (logical conclusion) based on one or more sources.
- ❖ Read and interpret a chart.