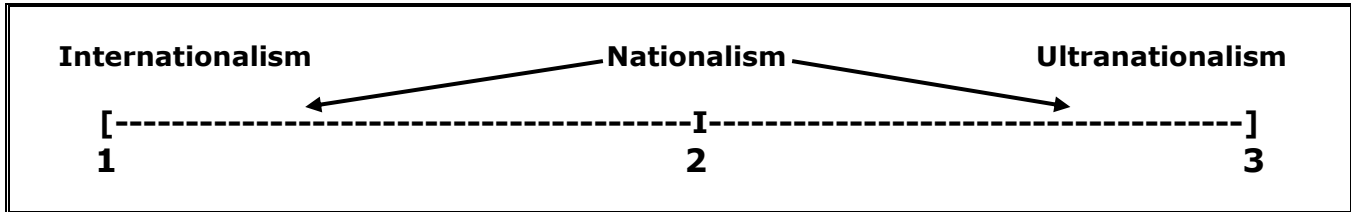


Related Issue #3 Study Guide (Chapters 9 – 12)

Vocabulary/Terms

Unilateralism - Multilateralism - Bilateralism Supranational - Internationalism – Isolationism - UN Security Council - Collective Security - WTO- EU – NATO - Peacekeeping – Humanitarianism – Sovereignty –Self-Determination



Main Ideas

- ❖ A nation's sovereignty is diminished when it belongs to a supranational organization
- ❖ Membership in supranational organizations can promote both national and international interests
- ❖ Different views and perspectives exist with respect to what motivates nation states to interact (e.g. economic stability, peace and security, self - determination and humanitarianism)
- ❖ Nation- states can react in different ways (isolationism, unilateralism, bilateralism, supranationalism)
- ❖ Internationalism can benefit nation-states (e.g. Economically, Stability, Peace and Security)
- ❖ Nation states can promote internationalism through foreign policy (promoting peace, peacekeeping, international law, foreign aid)
- ❖ The United Nations has changed how international groups respond to crisis
- ❖ International groups are addressing contemporary global issues (e.g. Kyoto Accord, Bird Flu, spread of disease)

Skills

- ❖ Read for understanding in order to identify the main idea.
- ❖ Read for understanding and identify bias
- ❖ Read for understanding and categorize differing points of view and perspectives.
- ❖ Distinguish between, recognize, and identify examples of foreign policy: promoting peace, peacekeeping, international law
- ❖ Recognize and identify examples, causes and consequences of internationalism
- ❖ Read for understanding and identify motives.
- ❖ Draw an inference (logical conclusion) based on one or more sources.
- ❖ Identify and compare differing points of view.
- ❖ Identify and recognize an issue